

Reframing flexibility beyond power

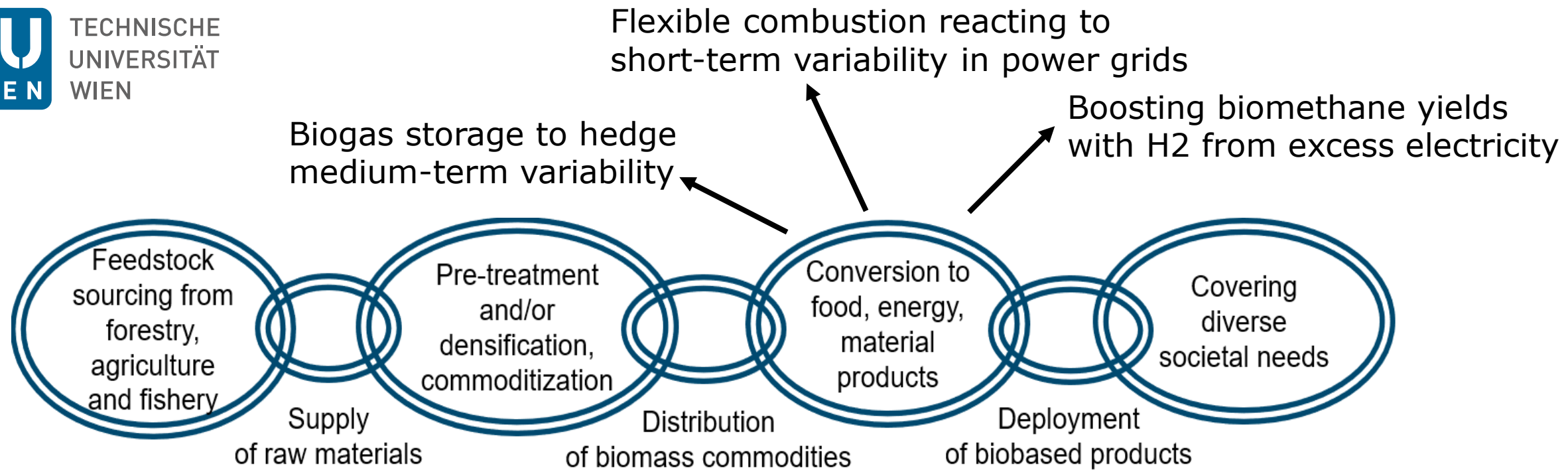
Fabian Schipfer

IEA Bioenergy TCP Task40 & Task44

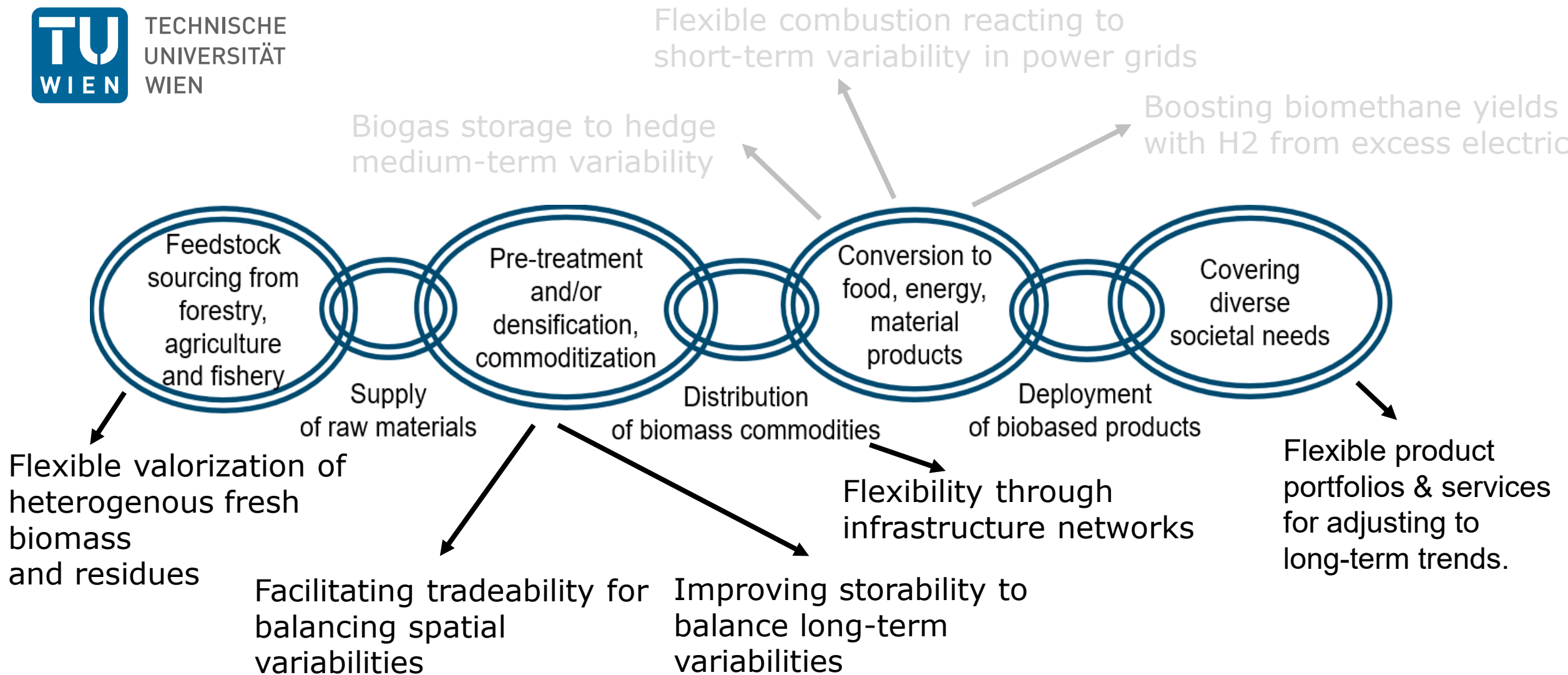
ITP Synergies green hydrogen and biobased value chain

November 2023

**All deterministic models undervalue
the impacts of increasing
flexibility.**



Bioenergy Supply Chains



Flexible product portfolios & services for adjusting to long-term trends.

Schipfer, F., Mäki, E., Schmieder, U., Lange, N., Schildhauer, T., Hennig, C., Thrän, D., 2022. Status of and expectations for flexible bioenergy to support resource efficiency and to accelerate the energy transition. Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews 158, 112094.

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2022.112094> **IEA Bioenergy TCP Task44 “Flexibility & System Integration” Results of 1st Triennium**

Multi-faceted aspects of Bioenergy flexibility

← selected examples on the previous slide.

Broadening the definition of “flexibility”:

Ability to shift resources

- **through time,**
- **through space,**
- **between sectors &**
- **between markets.**

Multi-faceted aspects of Bioenergy flexibility

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← short-, medium-, long-term storage

← via networks & trade

← via multi-sector coupling

← via commodification

“Flexibilisation” = increasing the ability ...

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How to evaluate this ability?

How to evaluate changes in this ability?

Why shift resources?

... to balance scarcities with surpluses

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Suitable assessment criteria for (beneficial) impacts of increased flexibility:

- Improved surplus valorization
- Improved scarcities mitigation
- Improved synergies between both (balancing)

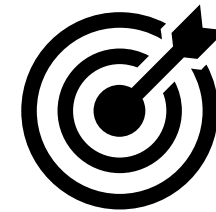
Why shift resources?

... to balance scarcities with surpluses

(1) Mitigate shortages
→ system reliability/resilience



(2) Efficient valorisation of surpluses
→ resource efficiency



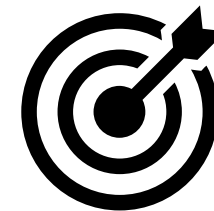
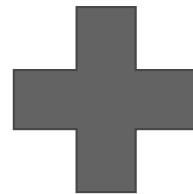
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(3) Via balancing
→ connecting (1) & (2)

Flexibility assessment:

To assess the contributions of ...

- Combined Bioenergy heat & power
- Storage of renewable gases
- Storage and trade of wood pellets
- H2 production & trade
- Coupling power grids & mobility
- Biorefineries for materials & energy
-
-
- Diversification of feedstock portfolio
- Diversification of power generation- / product portfolio

Evaluate the ability to shift resources through time, through space, between sectors & between markets.

Flexibility assessment:

$$f(\text{heart icon}, \text{target icon})$$

System reliability/resilience

Resource efficiency

- Overall costs, revenue, share of wasted energy, wasted biomass, emissions ...
- Optimisation problem
- Competitive market equilibrium for optimal resource allocation

Flexibility assessment:

$$f(\text{heart icon}, \text{target icon})$$

System reliability/resilience

“It’s basically probability”
Sugababes, Overloaded, 2000

Resource efficiency

- Overall costs, revenue, share of wasted energy, wasted biomass, emissions ...
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A vast body of literature:

for concepts of reliability, resilience, stability, security, safety, continuity, health, persistence, robustness

in multiple established and upcoming disciplines and research areas including

- Process safety domains > Safe & Sustainable by Design
- Resilience Engineering
- Graph and network theory > applications in Ecosystem Modelling
- Disaster Risk Management
- Decision-making Under Deep Uncertainty
- U.S. MultiSector Dynamics Modelling Community of Practice (CoP)
- ...



Broadening the flexibility concept == Broadening uncertainty spaces

Uncertainty ...

expressions: Variabilities and fluctuations, uncertain trends, extremes, cascades

causes: Nature, infrastructure, technologies, society (incl. market)

types: Reducible (epistemic) and (practically) irreducible (aleatory)

duality: Detrimental outcomes (e.g., scarcities)+ beneficial ones (e.g., oversupply)

anticipation: Sensitivities, scenarios, qualitative, linguistics, deliberate ignorance



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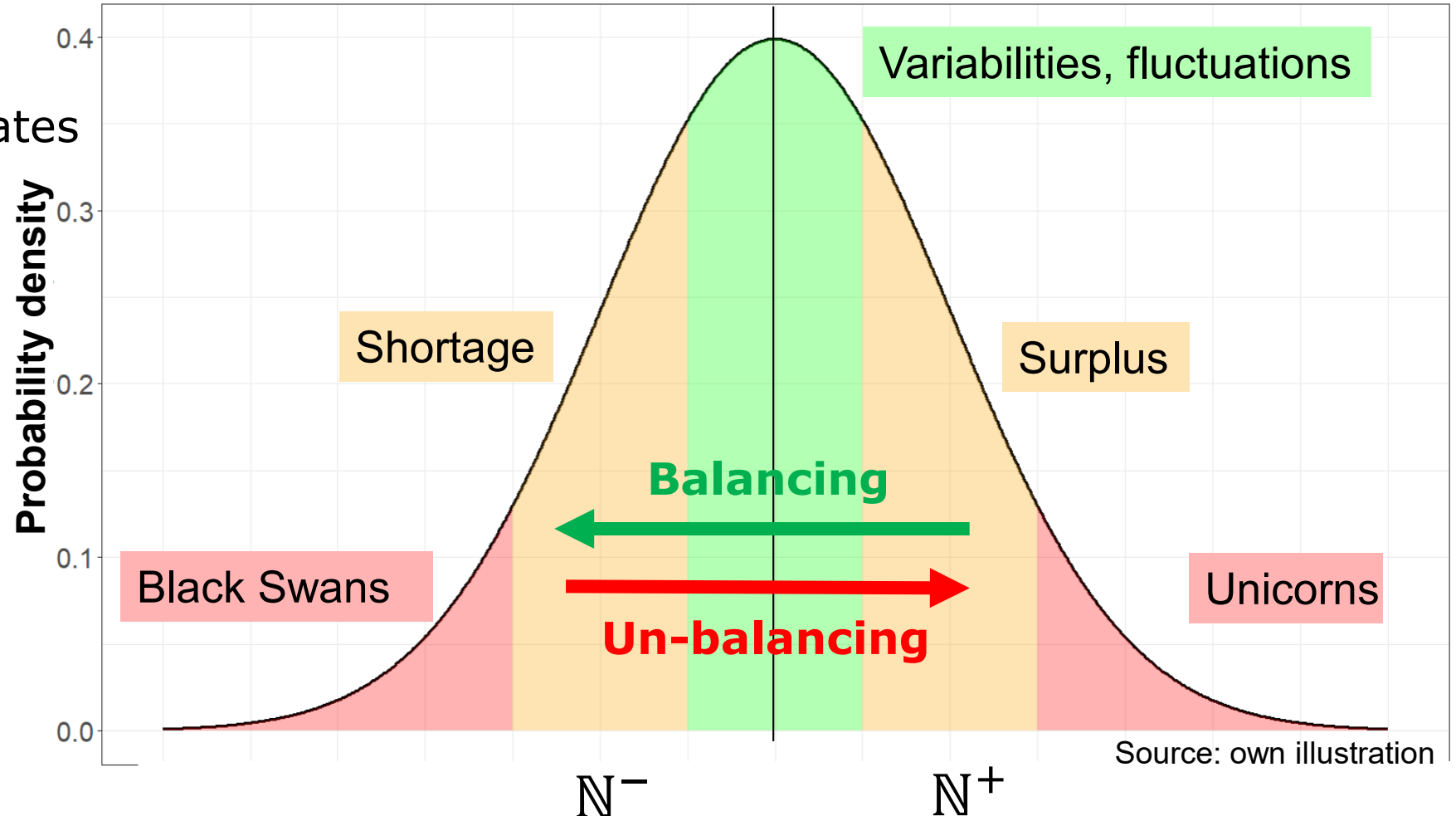
Opportunities ←
and dangers →

of increasing flexibility

Illustrative example of (un)balancing scarcities & surpluses

Flexibility e.g., through
multi-sector coupling creates
also system risks

Modelling to anticipate
Opportunities & dangers,
synergies & trade-offs,
of multi-sector coupling!



Summary

1. Bioenergy/Bioeconomy supply chains are often quite flexible already
→ regarding multi-faceted aspects beyond power
2. Broader flexibility definition required including
→ temporal, spatial, inter-sectoral **balancing** of scarcities with oversupply
3. Objective evaluation of flexibilisation impacts
→ contributions to system's efficiency **and** reliability **and** their synergies
→ contributions to increased systemic risks
(e.g., cascadic failures between sectors)

How to account for probabilistic (un)balancing effects in existing models?

Relevant ongoing projects

1. IEA Bioenergy Technology Collaboration Programme – Flexibilisation & system integration

[IEAB Task44] | funding for AT participation by FFG #890453 | 01.2022 – 12.2024

Partner, BEST Research is Country Lead

Research Instituts from DE, FI, AUS, NL, CH, DG RTD, SVEBIO, US DOE

<https://task44.ieabioenergy.com/>

2. IEA Bioenergy Technology Collaboration Programme – Biobased supply chains

[IEAB Task40] | funding for AT participation by FFG #895544 | 01.2022 – 12.2024

Country Lead, Institut für Nachhaltige Technologien (AEE Intec), Michael Wild & Partner KG

Research Institutes from DE, DK, SE, NL, US, RWE Generation, US DOE

<https://task40.ieabioenergy.com/>

3. Integrative energy infrastructure planning tools for cross-sectoral resilience and flexibilisation concepts.

[BioFlex Project] | funding by FFG #905734 | 12.2023 – 11.2024

Lead, together with Universität für Bodenkultur (BOKU) & International Institute of Applied Systems Analysis (IIASA)

Thank you for your attention

Submit your manuscript here:

<https://energysustainsoc.biomedcentral.com/circularbioeconomy>

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IEA Bioenergy Task44:

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IEA Bioenergy Task40:

<https://task40.ieabioenergy.com/>

All publications:

<https://perma.cc/M7DY-NWA8>

Peer-reviewed publications:

<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-6732-6919>