



# timelighting: guided exploration of 2D temporal network projections

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# time

time-sliced



## time

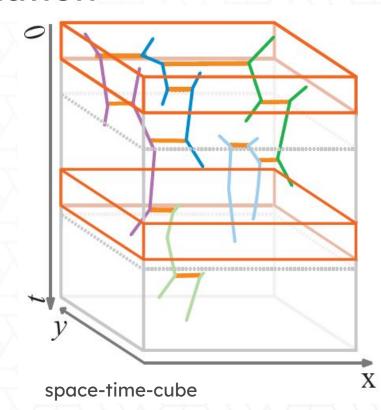
time-sliced event-based



### event-based network visualization

#### space-time-cube

node & edge additions & removals
time-dependent attributes
nodes form *trajectories*edges form *ruled surfaces* 



### why event-based networks?

no need to choose suitable time slices
better quality drawings compared to time-sliced networks [1, 2]
research on improving scalability of temporal graph layouts



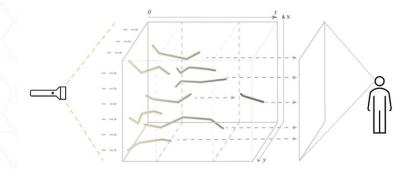
### why 2D projections of event-based networks?

usually 3D representations (can be difficult to explore)

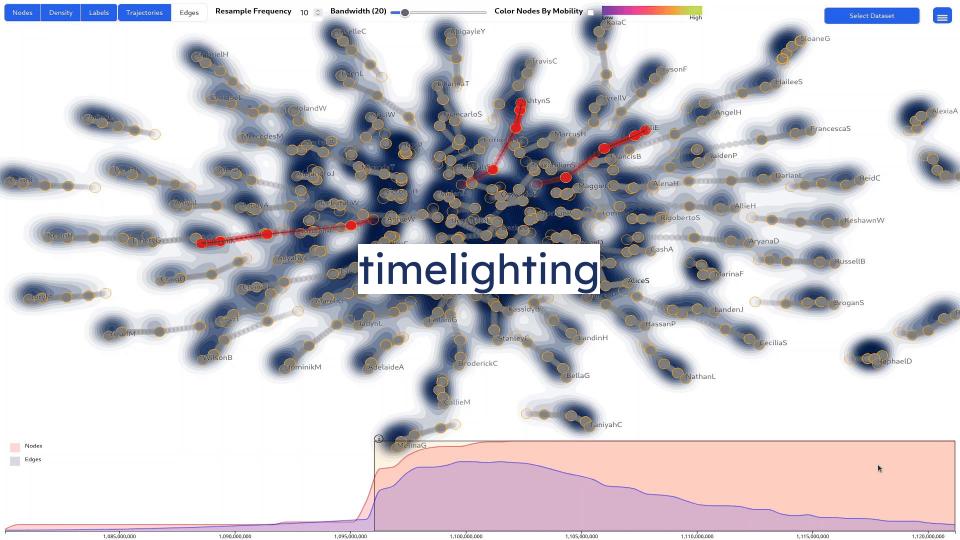
2D approaches: juxtaposition and animation do not scale well [3]

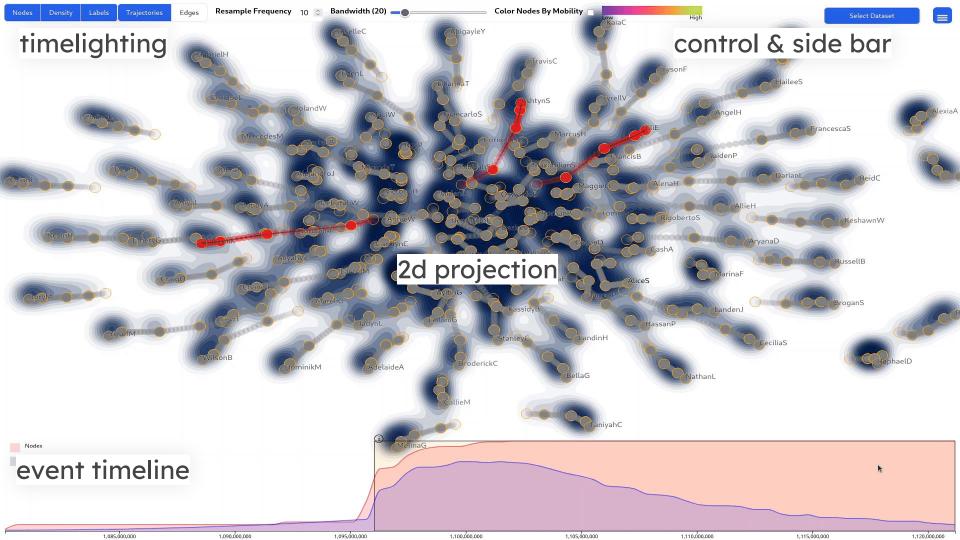
other 2D representations less explored

timelighting metaphor 👉



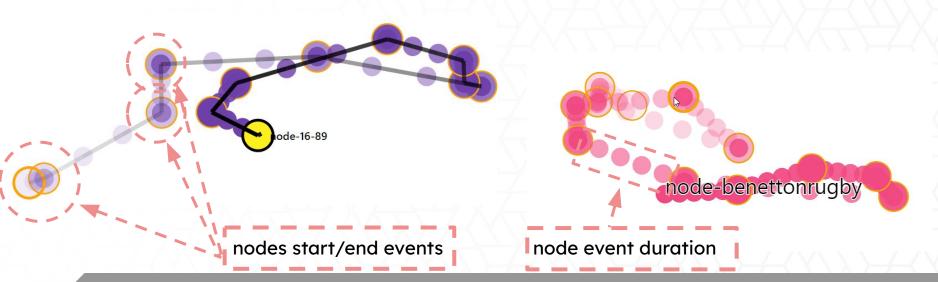






### mainview: nodes (& trajectories)

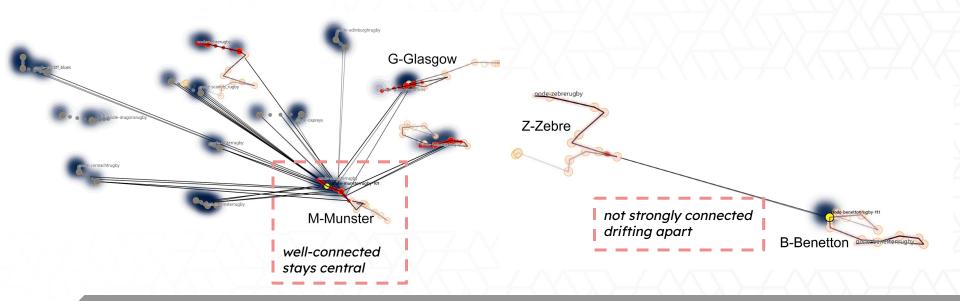
nodes are represented as a trail of circles trajectories are visualized using a polyline connecting of the nodes





### mainview: edges

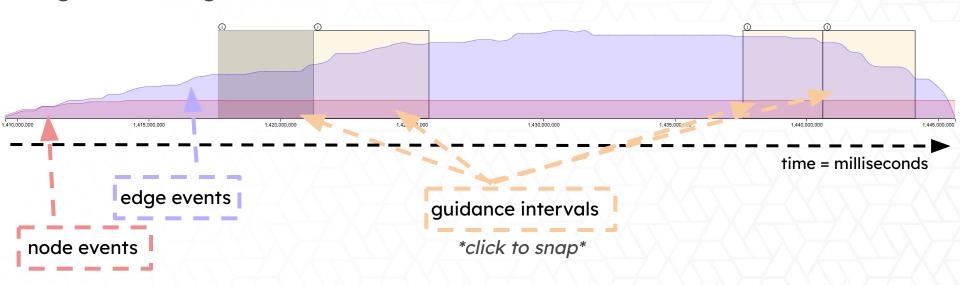
edges are represented as solid straight lines connect nodes belonging to two distinct trajectories





### event timeline

overview + explore specific intervals shows node & edge events guidance regions





### evaluation (4)

#### expert interviews & heuristic evaluation [4, 5]

flattening makes dynamics a easier to understand
new & different perspectives
single view integration is great
serendipitous discoveries & quick information seeking

### evaluation ( )

expert interviews & heuristic evaluation [4, 5]

data & layout quality could be better

limited "steering" of guidance

interpretability of movement scores

improvements

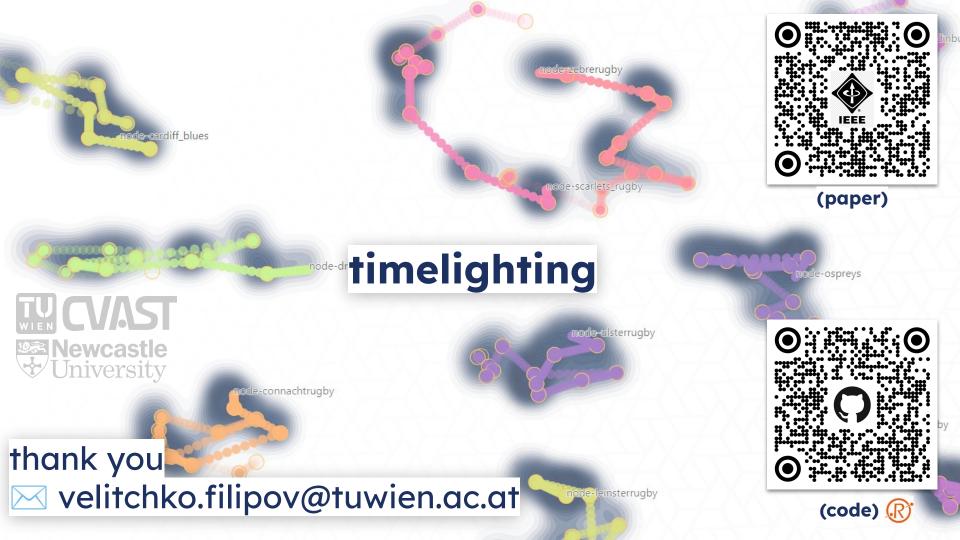
more algorithms and configuration options
 (and explanations)

#### future work

more parameters & configuration options
generalization beyond networks
visual scalability

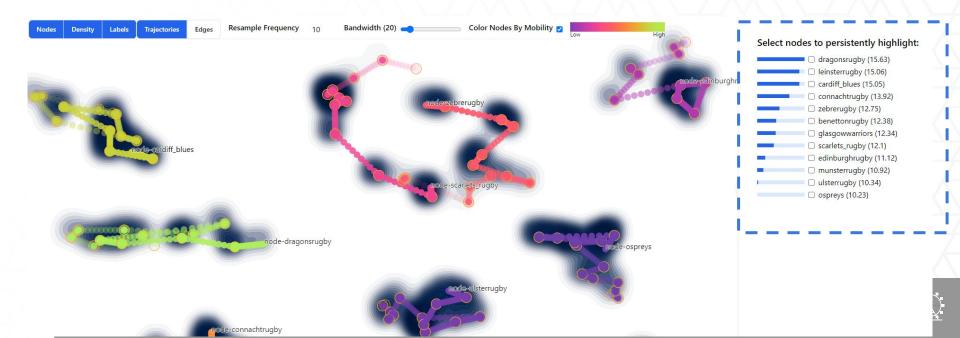
# graph simplification, semantic zoom, hybrid techniques?





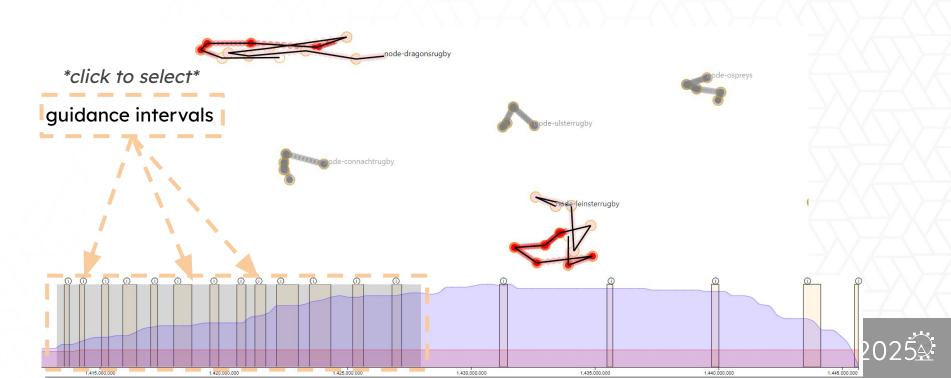
### control & sidebar: guidance (1/2)

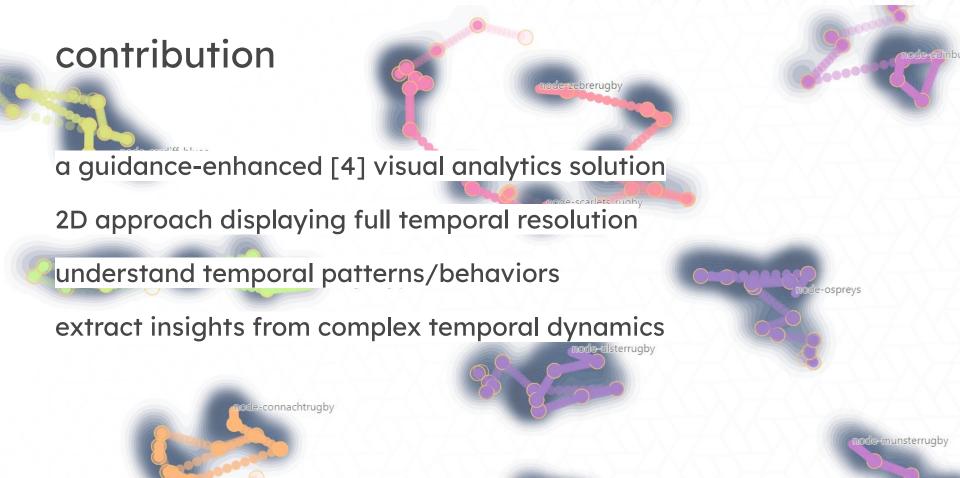
mobility - progress bars nodes that frequently change connections are higher



### event timeline: guidance (2/2)

timeline suggests specific time intervals for further inspection based on user defined set of nodes (interests)







### guidance slide

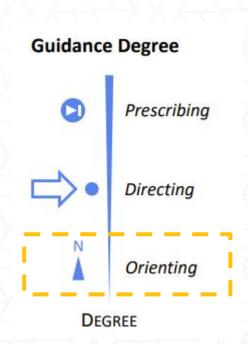
#### prescribing:

prescribe a series of actions / steps to take to conclude the current analysis task

#### directing:

#### orienting:

helps to maintain an overview of the problem and the alternative analytical paths that can be taken to progress towards the analytical goal.





### tasks

taxonomies for dynamic network visualization [5,6]

#### T1: overview.

provide an overview of the temporal information

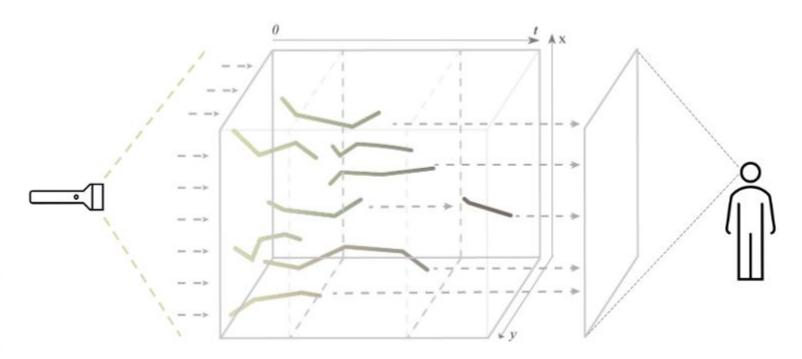
#### T2: event tracking.

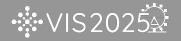
understanding the dynamics and events' frequency understand the node movement over time (e.g., speed, repetition, etc.)

#### T3: investigate relationships.

edge events perturb the trajectories identify relationships which have an impact or how often they occur

### timelighting





### data slide because silvia asked

event-based networks timesliced networks

layout precomputed using DynoSlice [2]

