

Viscous layer dynamics of the Euler-Prandtl stage in marginal separation

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Transitional separation bubble (LSB) Experimental observations





Smoke flow visualisation of a LSB on an Eppler 387 airfoil at $\alpha = 2^{\circ}$ and Re $\approx 10^5$ [G. Cole, T. Mueller, 1990]



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LSB in a laminar water tunnel: Λ -vortex generation cycle at Re $\approx 10^5$ (provided by U. Rist, M. Lang)



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LSB, high-Re asymptotic structure





Early stages of the laminar-turbulent transition process [S. Braun, S. Scheichl, D. Kuzdas, 2021]



Finite-time blow-up of triple deck stage Self-similar blow-up structure as $x \to x_s, t \to t_s$ [J. Elliott, F. Smith, 1987]:

$$\frac{2}{5}\frac{\partial\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{\eta}} + \frac{3}{5}\hat{x}\frac{\partial^{2}\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{\eta}\partial\hat{x}} + \frac{1}{2}\hat{\eta}\frac{\partial^{2}\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{\eta}^{2}} + \frac{\partial\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{\eta}}\frac{\partial^{2}\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{\eta}\partial\hat{x}} - \frac{\partial\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{x}}\frac{\partial^{2}\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{\eta}^{2}} = -\frac{\partial\hat{\mathcal{P}}}{\partial\hat{x}} + \frac{\partial^{3}\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{\eta}^{3}} - \frac{\partial\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{y}}\frac{\partial^{2}\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{y}^{2}} = -\frac{\partial\hat{\mathcal{P}}}{\partial\hat{x}} + \frac{\partial^{3}\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{\eta}^{3}} - \frac{\partial\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{y}^{3}} + \frac{\partial\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{y}^{3}} - \frac{\partial\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{y}^{3}} + \frac{\partial\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{y}^{3}} - \frac{\partial\hat{\Psi}}$$

$$x - x_s = (t_s - t)^{\frac{3}{5}} \hat{x}, \ y = (t_s - t)^{\frac{1}{2}} \hat{\eta}$$

Boundary conditions:

$$\begin{split} \hat{\Psi} &= \hat{\Psi}_{\hat{\eta}} = 0 \qquad \text{for} \qquad \hat{\eta} = 0, \\ \hat{\Psi} &\sim \hat{\mathcal{B}}(\hat{x})\hat{\eta} + \dots \qquad \text{as} \qquad \hat{\eta} \to \infty \end{split}$$

Relation between pressure $\hat{\mathcal{P}}$ and slip velocity $\hat{\mathcal{B}}$ (Bernoulli-equ.): $\hat{\mathcal{P}}' = 2\hat{\mathcal{R}}' + 2\hat{\mathcal{R}}' + \hat{\mathcal{R}}\hat{\mathcal{R}}'$

$$-\hat{\mathcal{P}} = 2\hat{\mathcal{B}}/5 + 3\hat{x}\hat{\mathcal{B}}/5 + \hat{\mathcal{B}}\hat{\mathcal{B}}$$



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LD: Sublayer leading order

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Numerical treatment

Spectral collocation method (Chebyshev polynomials)

Ansatz to capture singular behaviour as $\hat{\eta} \to \infty$

$$\hat{\Psi}(\hat{x},\hat{\eta}) = \hat{\mathcal{B}}(\xi) \frac{\eta_V}{d(\xi)} + \boldsymbol{f}(\xi,\eta_V)$$

with the blow-up coordinates and scaling function
$$\xi = \hat{x}, \eta_V = \hat{\eta} d(\xi), d(\xi) = (1 + \xi^2)^{-5/12}$$

Domain mapping

τU

$$\begin{aligned} x \in (-\infty; \infty), \ y \in (0; \infty) \Rightarrow s, r \in [-1; 1] & \text{Gauss-Lobatto points} \\ x (s) = x^* + B \tan\left(\frac{\pi s}{2}\right) & s_j = -\cos\left(\frac{j\pi}{m}\right), \ j = (0, ..., m) \\ y(r) = C \tan\left(\frac{\pi (r+1)}{4}\right) & r_i = -\cos\left(\frac{i\pi}{n}\right), \ i = (0, ..., n) \\ \text{Differentiation } f_i^{(m)} = \sum_j D_{ij}^{(m)} f_j \\ \text{J.P. Berrut and L.N. Trefethen, 2004]} & D_{ij}^{(1,x)} = s_x D_{ij}^{(1,s)}, \ D_{ij}^{(1,y)} = r_y D_{ij}^{(1,r)} \end{aligned}$$





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Finite-time blow-up $\hat{A}(0) = 0.6, \ \hat{A}'(0) = 0.6, \ (m \times n) = (160 \times 80)$

LD: Sublayer leading order

$$\frac{2}{5}\frac{\partial\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{\eta}} + \frac{3}{5}\hat{x}\frac{\partial^{2}\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{\eta}\partial\hat{x}} + \frac{1}{2}\hat{\eta}\frac{\partial^{2}\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{\eta}^{2}} + \frac{\partial\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{\eta}}\frac{\partial^{2}\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{\eta}\partial\hat{x}} - \frac{\partial\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{x}}\frac{\partial^{2}\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{\eta}^{2}} = -\frac{\partial\hat{\mathcal{P}}}{\partial\hat{x}} + \frac{\partial^{3}\hat{\Psi}}{\partial\hat{\eta}^{3}}$$





Slope of separation/ reattachment streamline [K. Oswatitsch, 1958]: $\tan \theta_0 = -3\tau_{wx}/p_x$



Der Wissenschaftsfonds.

Euler-Prandtl stage

Prandtl layer

WIEN

FШF

Der Wissenschaftsfonds.

Unsteady Boundary Layer equation $\frac{\partial^2 \Psi}{\partial \bar{\eta} \partial \bar{t}} + \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial \bar{\eta}} \frac{\partial^2 \Psi}{\partial \bar{x} \partial \bar{\eta}} - \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial \bar{x}} \frac{\partial^2 \Psi}{\partial \bar{\eta}^2} = -\frac{\partial P}{\partial \bar{x}} + \frac{\partial^3 \Psi}{\partial \bar{\eta}^3}$

with the scalings: $\bar{x} \sim \operatorname{Re}^{1/2} \tilde{x} / \tilde{L}$, $\bar{\eta} \sim \operatorname{Re}^{3/4} \tilde{y} / \tilde{L}$, $\bar{t} \sim \operatorname{Re}^{1/2} \tilde{t} \tilde{u}_{\infty} / \tilde{L}$ Boundary conditions:

$$\begin{split} \Psi &= \Psi_{\bar{\eta}} = 0 & \text{for} & \bar{\eta} = 0, \\ \Psi &\sim B(\bar{x}, \bar{t}) \bar{\eta} + \dots & \text{as} & \bar{\eta} \to \infty \end{split}$$

Initial condition: $(\bar{t} \to -\infty)$

$$\Psi\left(\bar{x},\bar{\eta},\bar{t}\right) \sim |\bar{t}|^{1/10} \hat{\Psi}(\hat{x},\hat{\eta}) + |\bar{t}|^{-1/10} \hat{\Psi}_2(\hat{x},\hat{\eta}) + |\bar{t}|^{-3/10} \hat{\Psi}_3(\hat{x},\hat{\eta}) + \dots$$

with
$$\bar{x} = |\bar{t}|^{3/5} \hat{x}, \quad \bar{\eta} = |\bar{t}|^{1/2} \hat{\eta}$$

Relation between P and B (Bernoulli-equ.):

$$-P_{\bar{x}} = B_{\bar{t}} + BB_{\bar{x}}$$



Euler-Prandtl stage Prandtl layer dynamics, $(m \times n) = (120 \times 100)$





Viscous layer dynamics of the Euler-Prandtl stage in marginal separation

Conclusions and future work



- ▶ Early stages of laminar-turbulent transition
- Viscous layer dynamics of marginally separated boundary layer flow (TD and EP stages)
- ▶ Successfully calculated the finite-time blow-up profiles from the TD-stage

Future Work

- ▶ Inclusion of 3rd order TD blow-up profile as I.C.
- ▶ Refine spatial resolution of computational domain
- ▶ Prandtl layer: Improve transition from asymptotic regime to evolution at $\bar{t} \sim \mathcal{O}(1)$



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